Topic: Our Local Area



Vocabulary

Past	The time before the present.	
Present	Existing or occurring now.	
Human Feature	The human characteristics of a place come from human ideas and actions.	
Physical Feature	The natural features of an area, for example, rivers and mountains.	
Aerial View	Refers specifically to bird's-eye view images that focus on landscapes from above, with a perspective as though the observer were a bird.	
Sketch Map	A roughly drawn map that shows only basic details.	
Digital Map	An electronic map, often accessed using a computer.	
Ordnance Survey Map	A detailed map produced by the British or Irish government map-making organisation.	
Village	A small place with a group of houses, along with other buildings such as a school and church,	
Town	A place with many streets and buildings, where people live and work. It is bigger than a village but smaller than a city. A large town.	
City		
Palaeontologist	A scientist who specialises in the study of life forms that existed in previous geologic periods.	

Compass

A compass has four main directions, which are north, east, south and west. Part of the compass (the needle) will always point north. You then have to work out which direction you are facing depending on where north is.

Ellel St John's CofE Primary School

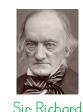


Subject Knowledge Organiser

An Aerial View of Galgate



Significant People



Sir Richard Owen Sir Richard Owen was the leading comparative anatomist and palaeontologist of his time. A controversial figure, he is perhaps best known for coining the word dinosaur. In a career spanning more than 60 years, Owen played a crucial role in many of the important discoveries in his field.

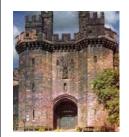
Significant Buildings



Lancaster Train Station



The Ashton Memorial

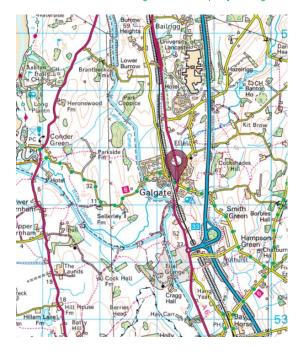


Lancaster Castle

Key Questions and Facts

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	Why is Sir Richard Owen significant?	He is remembered for his contributions to the study of
		fossil animals, especially dinosaurs. He was the first to
		recognise them as different from today's reptiles; in 1842
		he classified them in a group he called Dinosauria.
	When was Sir Richard Owen born?	He was born on the 20 th July in 1804 in Lancaster.
	When did Sir Richard Owen die?	He died on the 18 th December 1892.
	Where did Sir Richard Owen go to	He attended the Lancaster Royal Grammar School
	school at?	
	What was Sir Richard Owen's	He was a palaeontologist and was heavily involved in
	profession?	developing the British Natural History Museum.

An Ordnance Survey (OS) Map of Galgate



Map Symbols





cycle trail









main road

Types of Homes

train station



A Map of Galgate from the 1890s

